



ГРАФОДАТСКИЙ Александр Сергеевич, 71 год;

- Защита докторской диссертации, 17 апреля 1992 г.,
генетика;

- ИЦИГ СО РАН, Новосибирск;

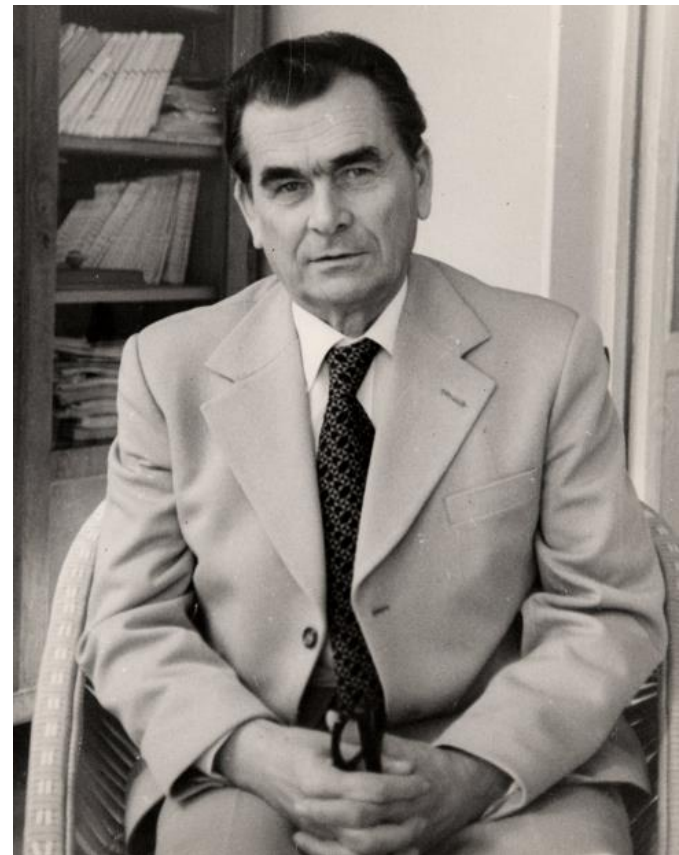
- чл.-корр. РАН, 2019 г.

- ИМКБ СО РАН, руководитель научного направления, зав.
отделом;

- выдвинут Ученым Советом ИМКБ СО РАН, на какую
вакансию СО РАН «генетика», результаты голосования при
выдвижении – «за» -11, «против» - 1.

- количество публикаций в журналах WoS (по Web of Science Core Collection) - **242**- количество публикаций с указанием аффилиации основного места работы – **242 (СО РАН), из них 82 (ИМКБ)**
- среднее число авторов в статьях кандидата – 5,08 (<http://expertcorps.ru/science/lists2/info/41283>)
- количество публикаций в англоязычных журналах - 156
- количество публикаций в русскоязычных журналах - 86
- количество публикаций в журналах первого квартиля (по WoS 2019) – **57**
- - общее число цитирований по WoS (Все базы данных) **4600**
- индекс Хирша по WoS - **38**





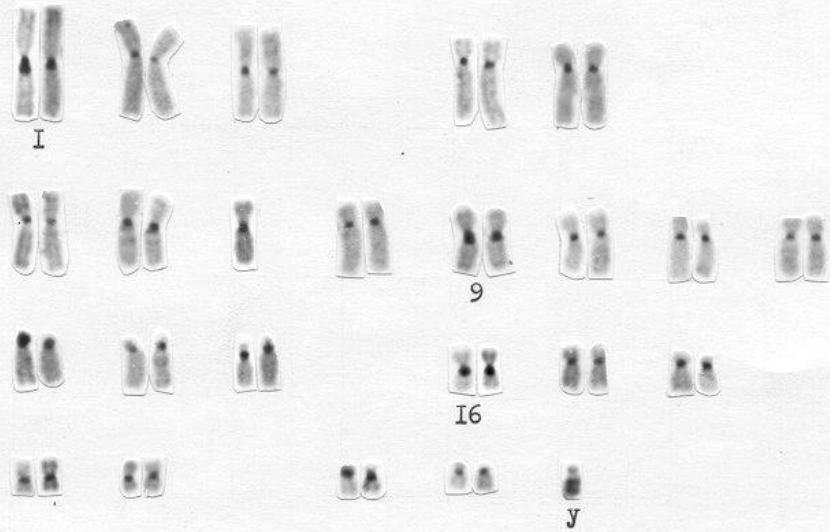
БЕЛЯЕВ Дмитрий Константинович



КРЫЛОВ Сергей Михайлович



C-окраска хромосом человека



Варианты хромосом I-ой пары



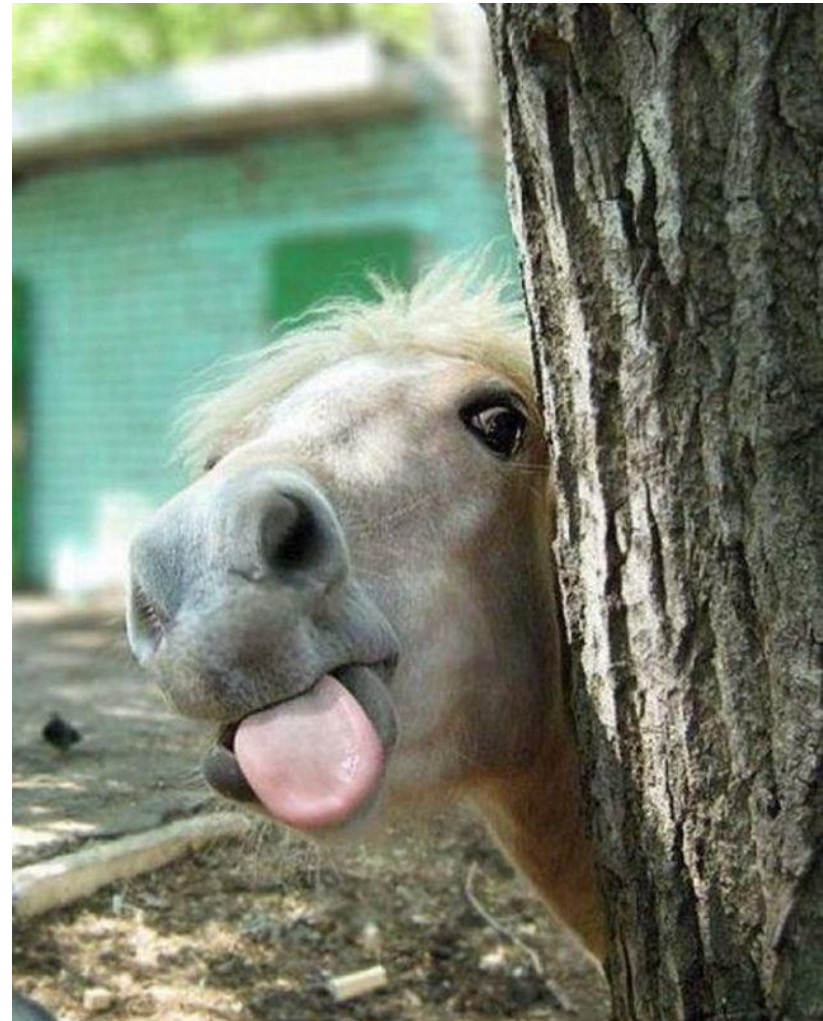
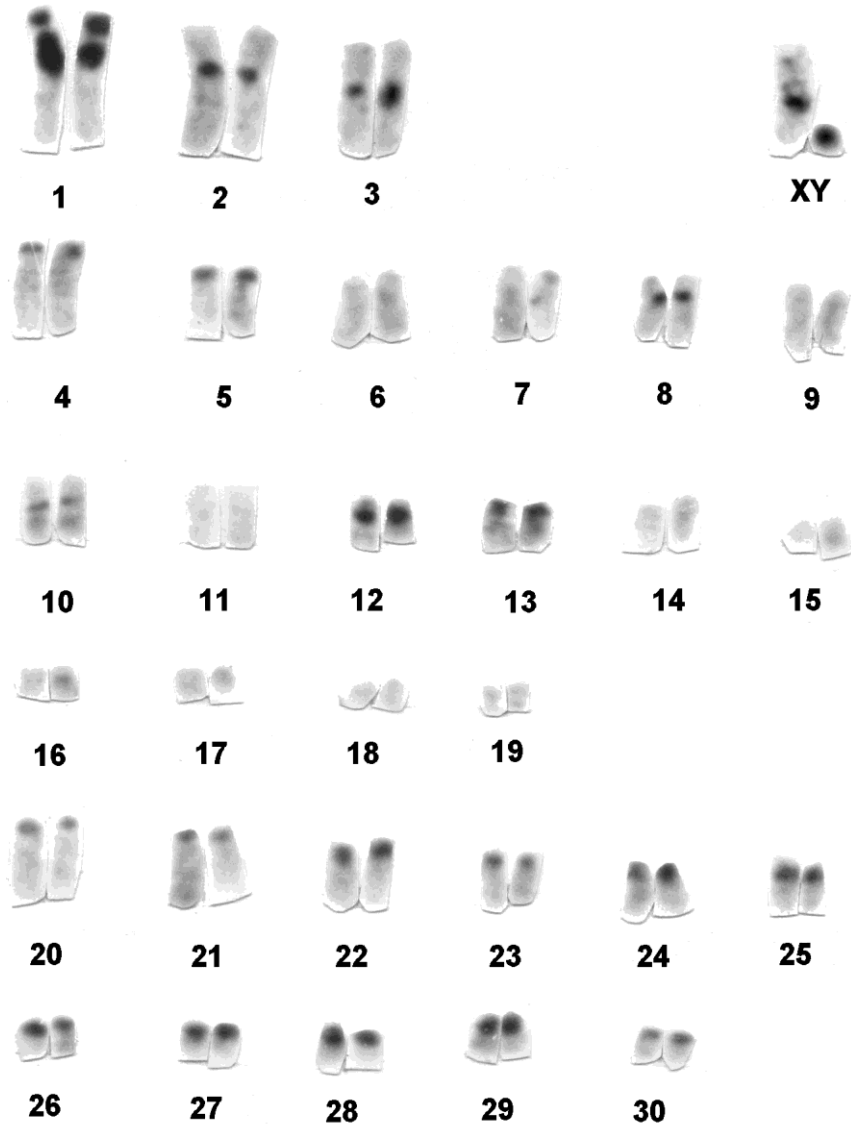
Варианты хромосом 9-ой пары



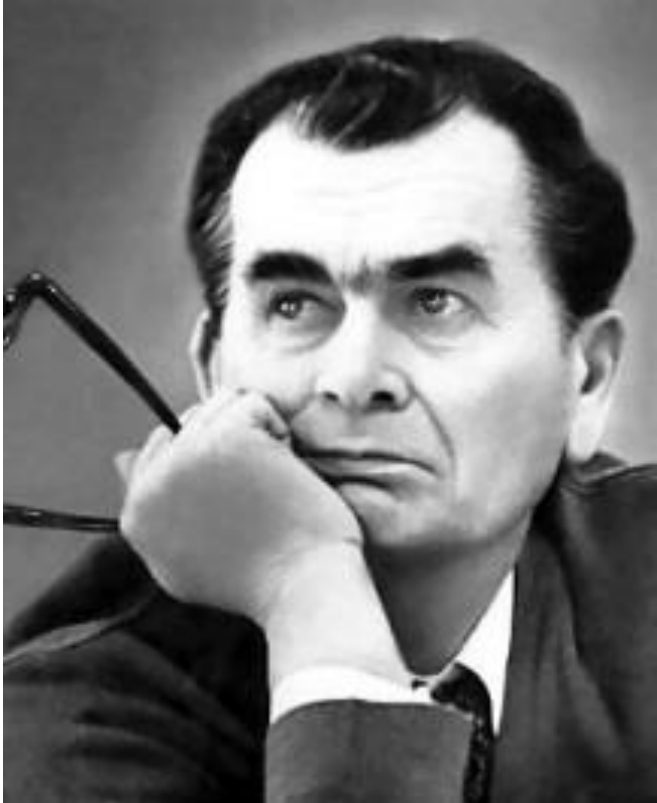
Варианты Y-хромосомы



Equus asinus



Donkey



А. С. ГРАФОДАТСКИЙ
С. И. РАДЖАБЛИ

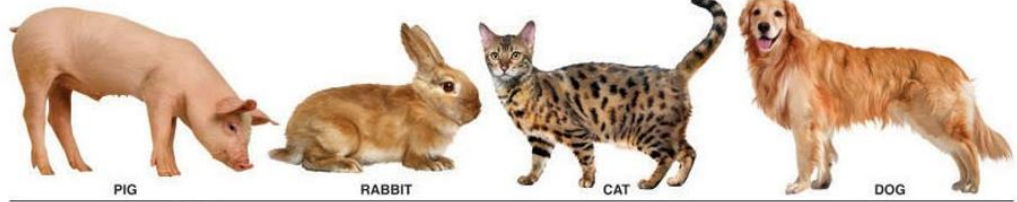
ХРОМОСОМЫ СЕЛЬСКОХОЗЯЙСТВЕННЫХ И ЛАБОРАТОРНЫХ МЛЕКОПИТАЮЩИХ

АТЛАС

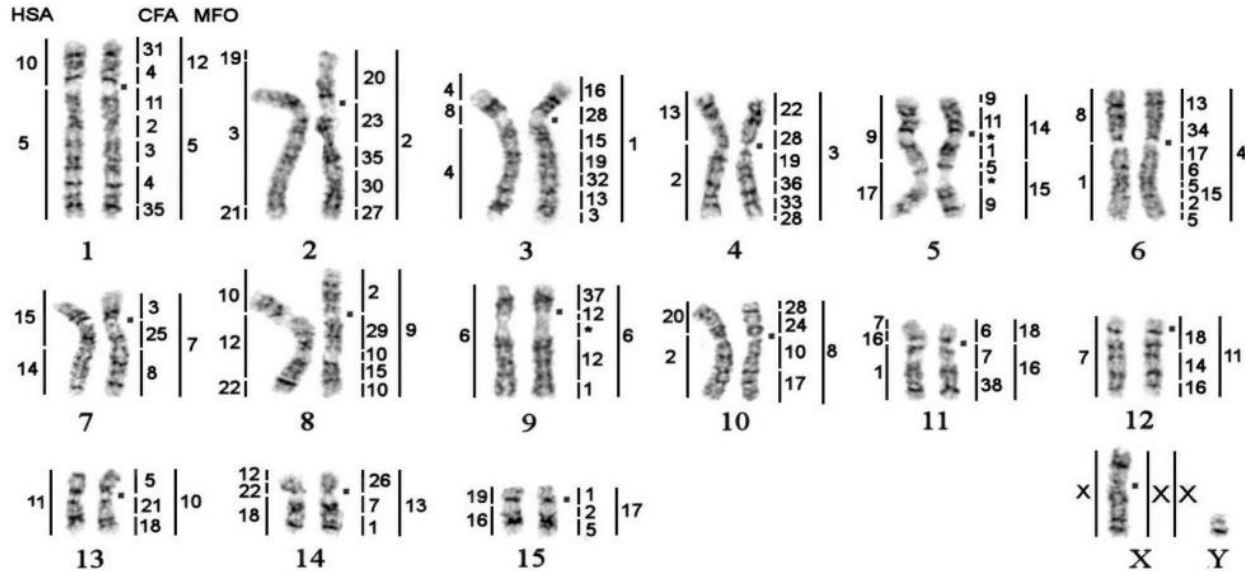


ИЗДАТЕЛЬСТВО «НАУКА»
СИБИРСКОЕ ОТДЕЛЕНИЕ

Изучение хромосомных наборов большинства описываемых в настоящем атласе видов было начато по инициативе академика Д.К. Беляева, постоянный интерес которого к вопросам эволюционной и практической цитогенетики способствовал возрождению и развитию этих направлений в стране. Авторы выражают скромную надежду, что издание окажется достойным памяти Дмитрия Константиновича Беляева.

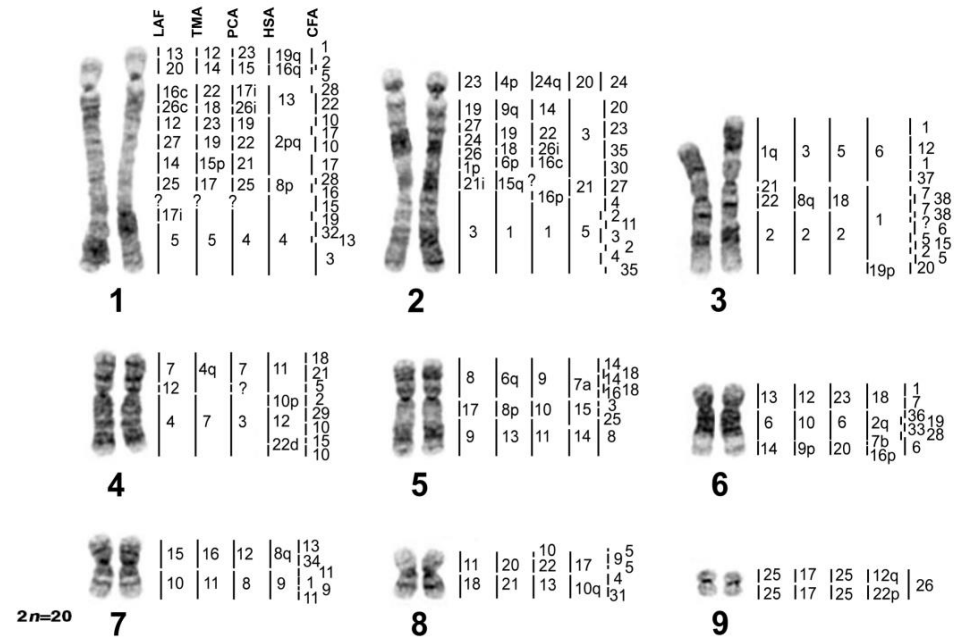


www.visualdictionaryonline.com



$2n=32$

Probes: *Canis familiaris* (CFA), *Martes foina* (MFO), *Homo sapiens* (HSA)
Beklemisheva et al. (2016)



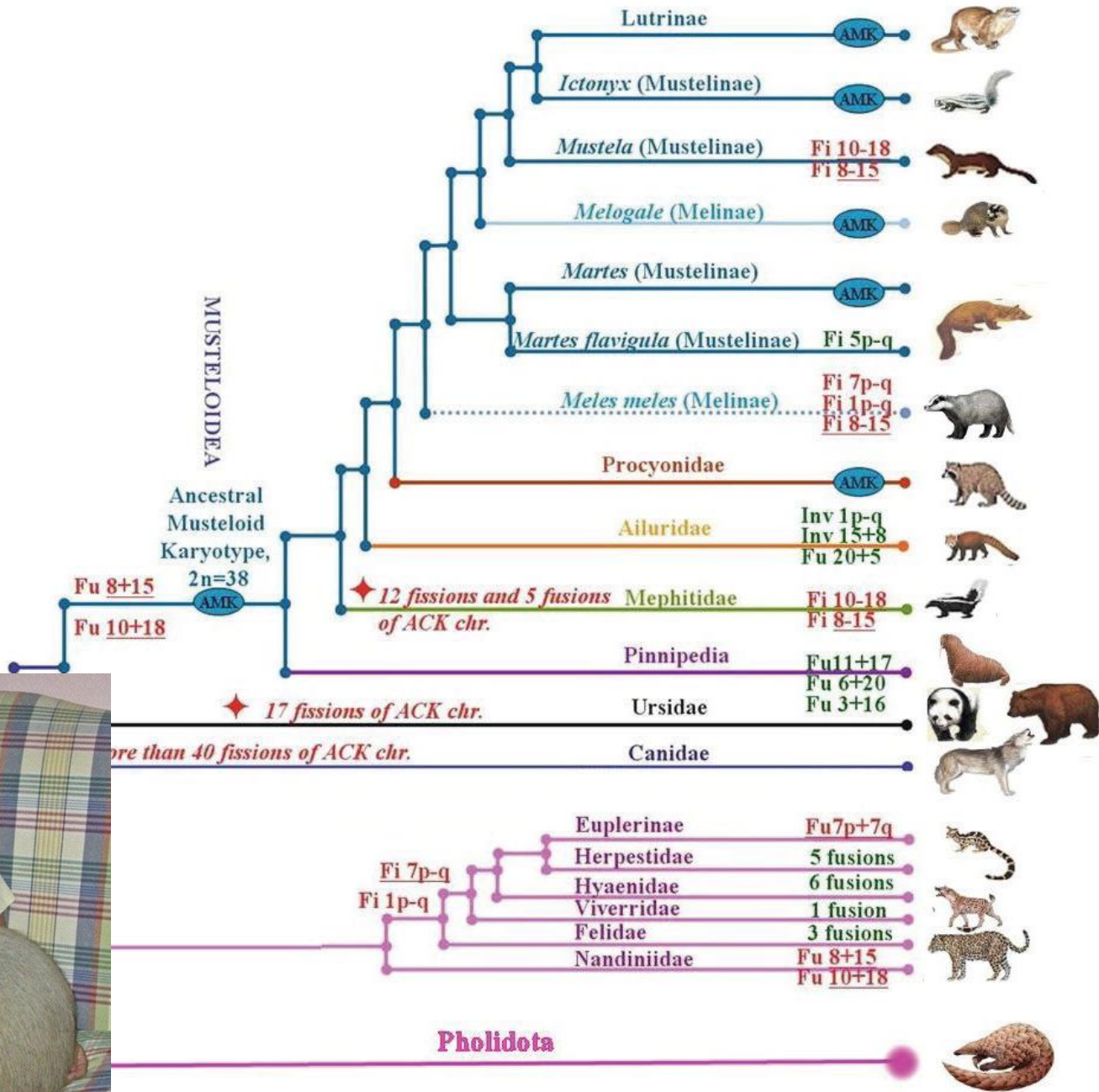
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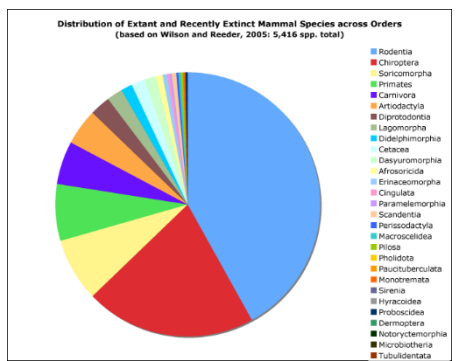
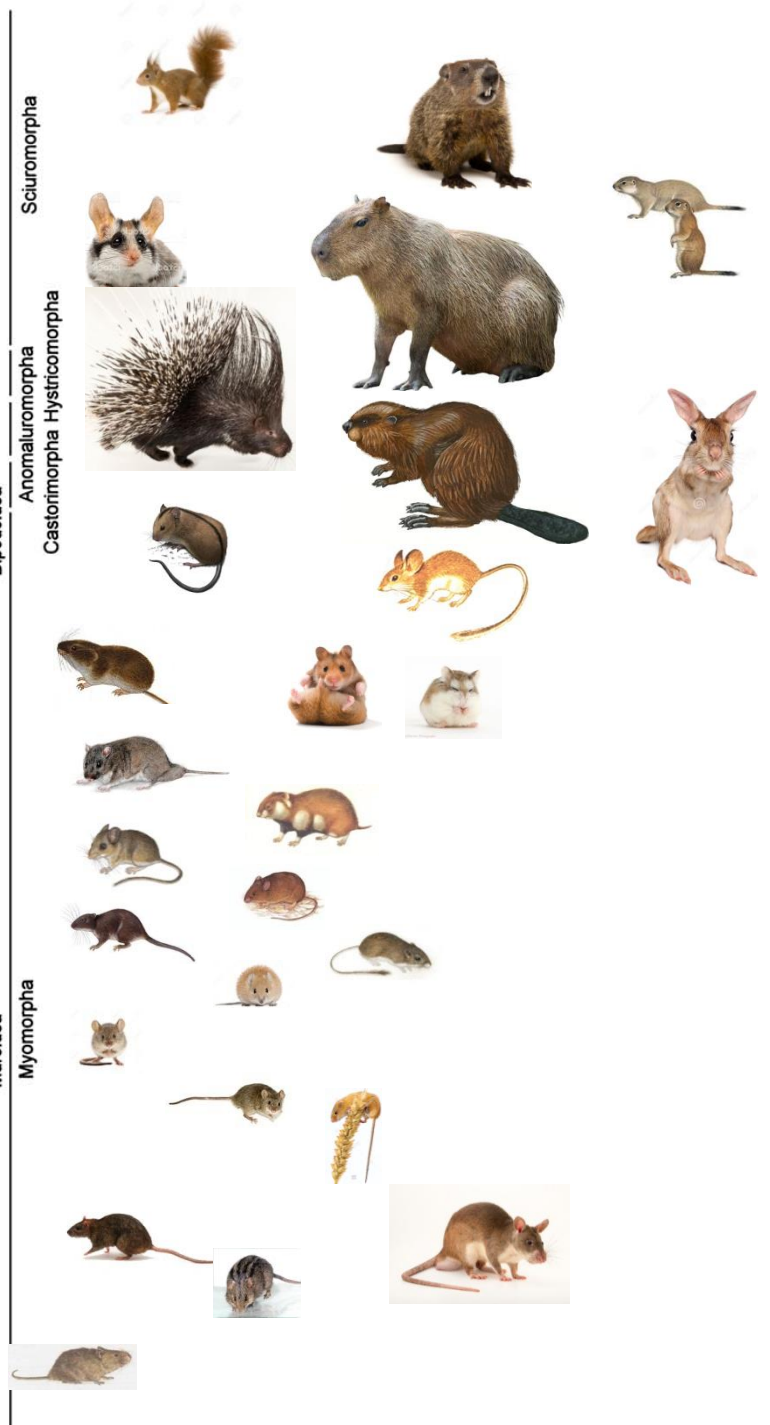
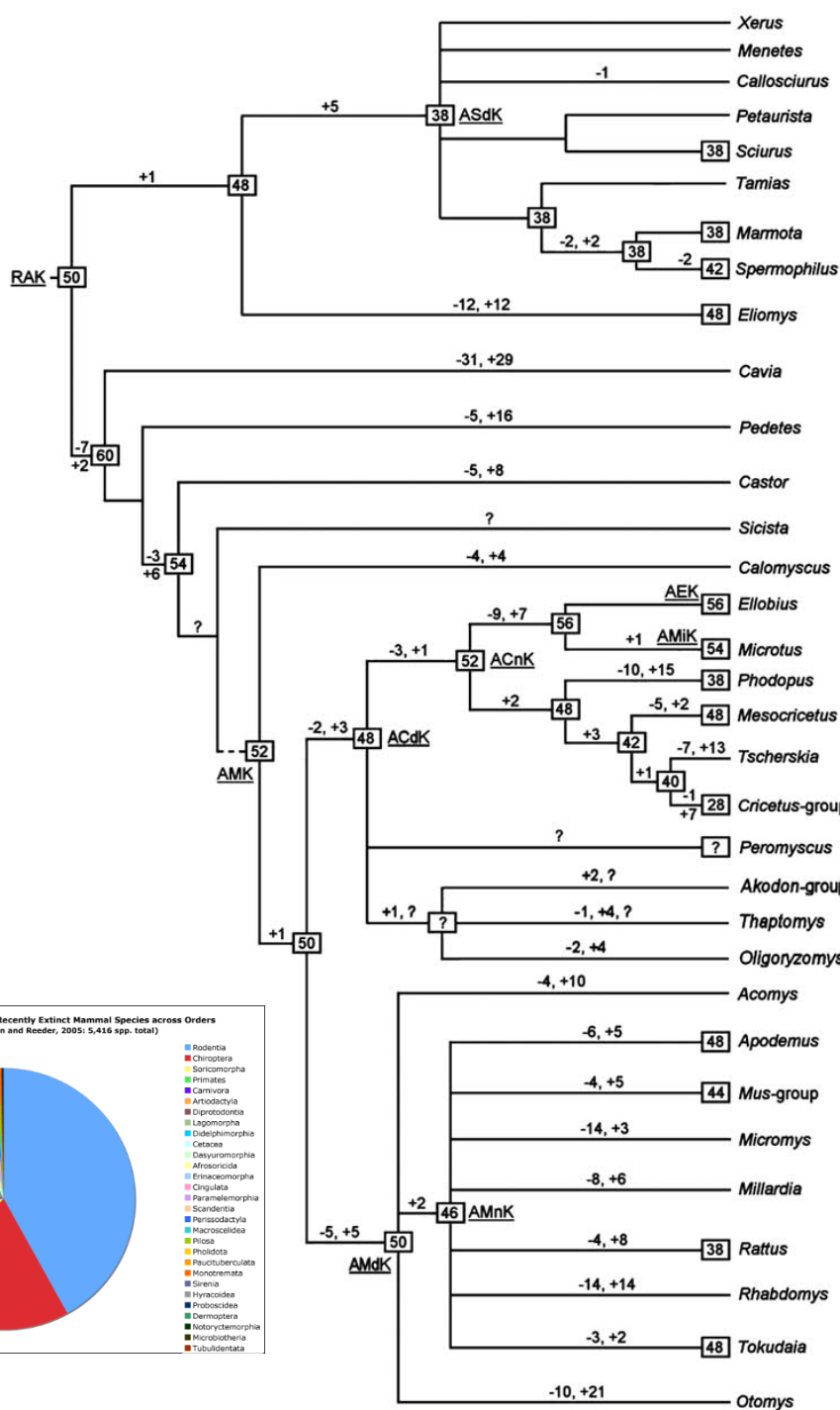
Probes: *Loxodonta africana* (LAF), *Trichechus manatus* (TMA), *Procavia capensis* (PCA), *Homo sapiens* (HSA), *Canis familiaris* (CFA)
Yang et al. (2003, unpublished), Pardini et al. (2007)

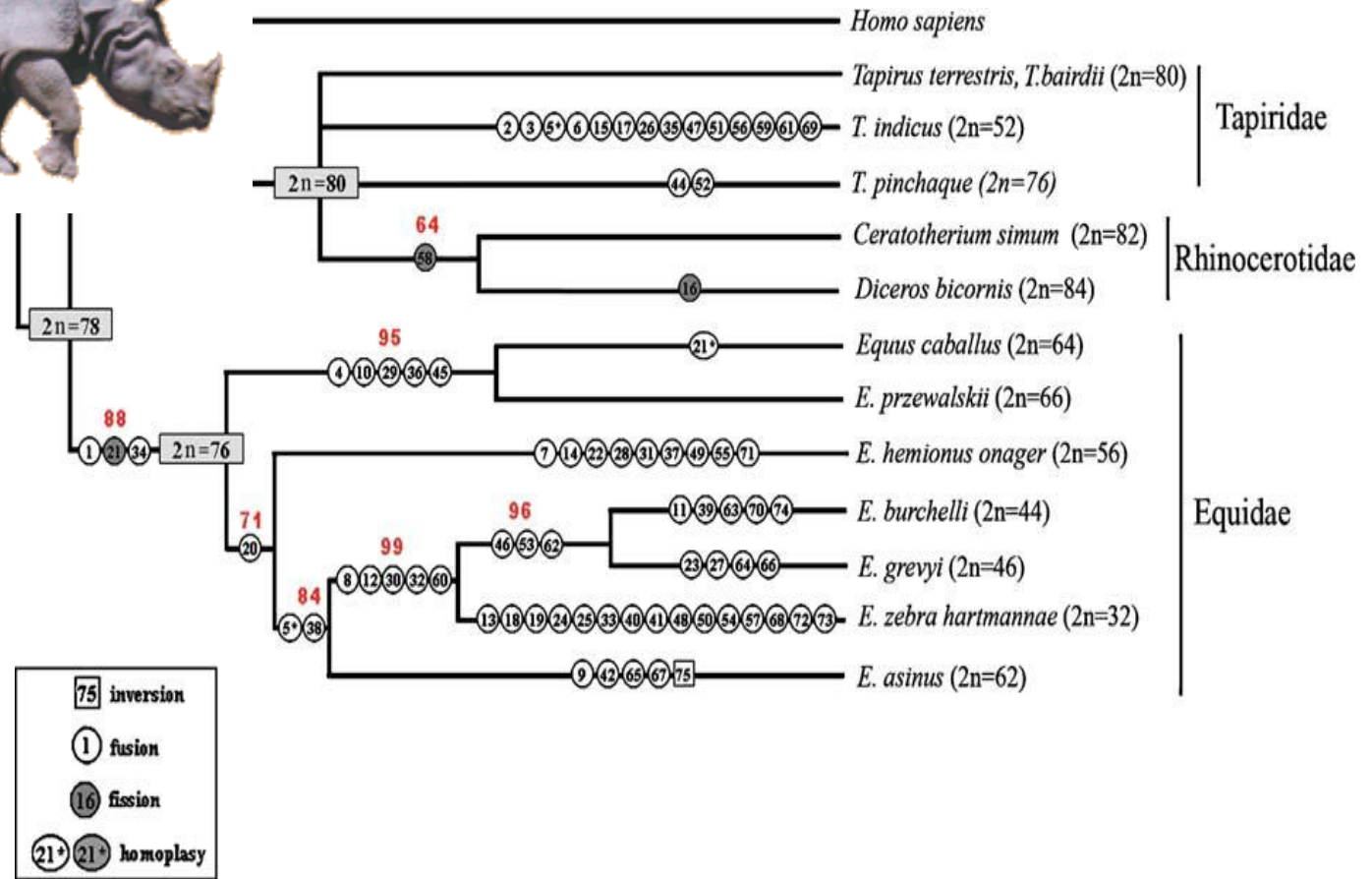
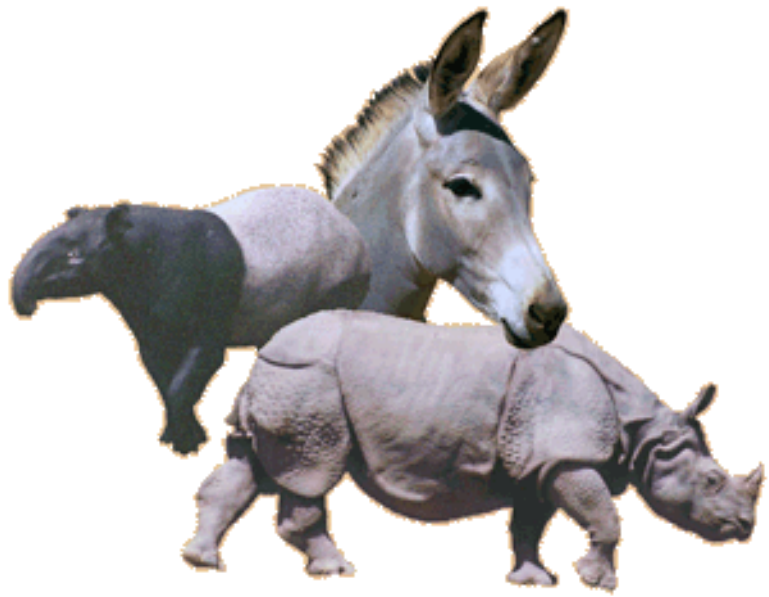
X Y



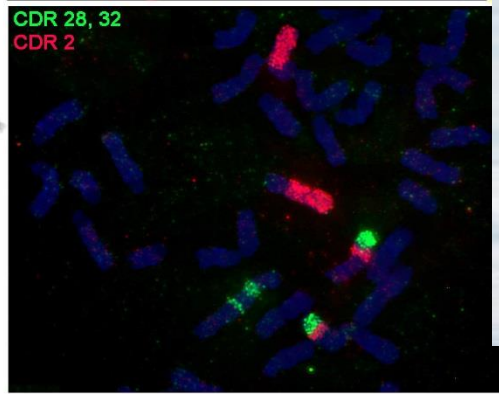
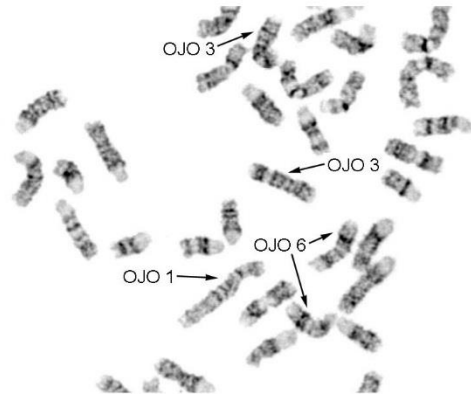
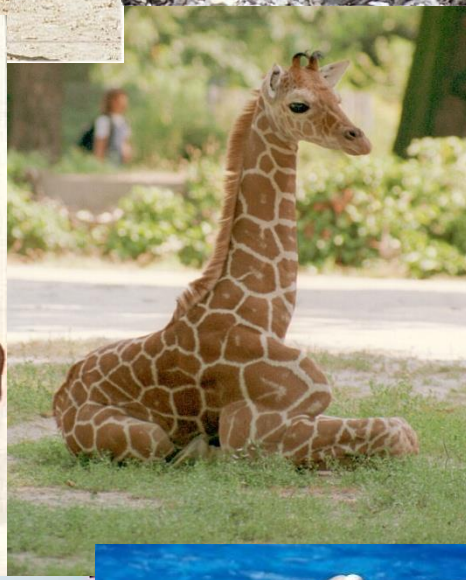
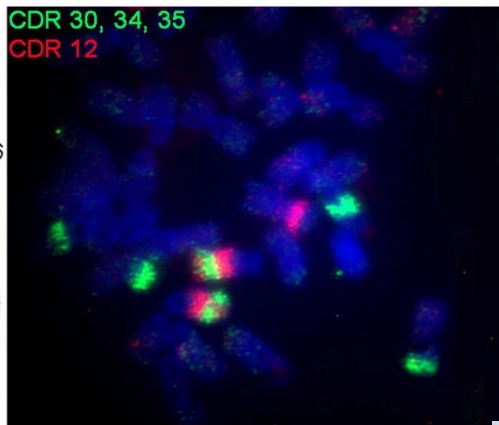
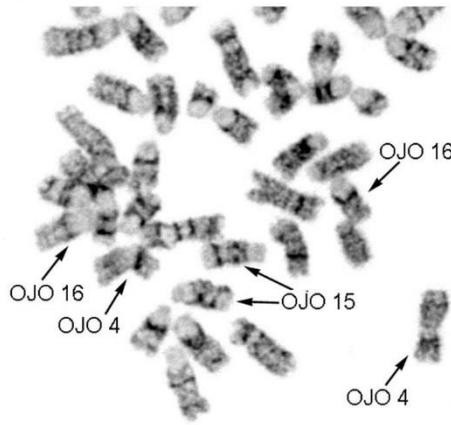
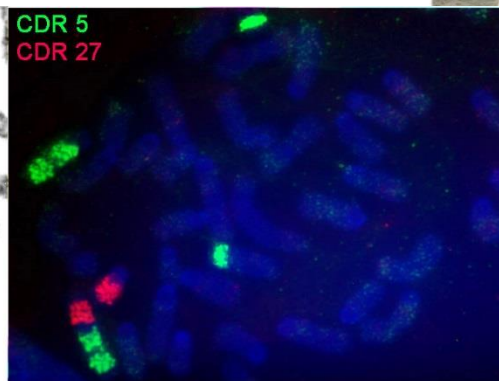
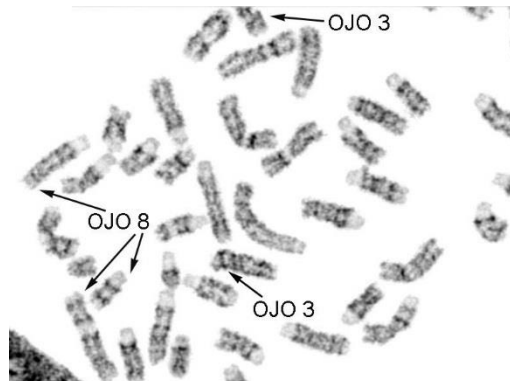
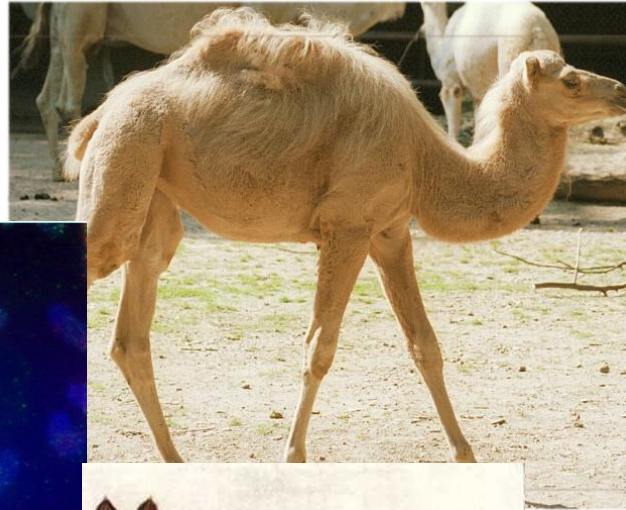
CAN

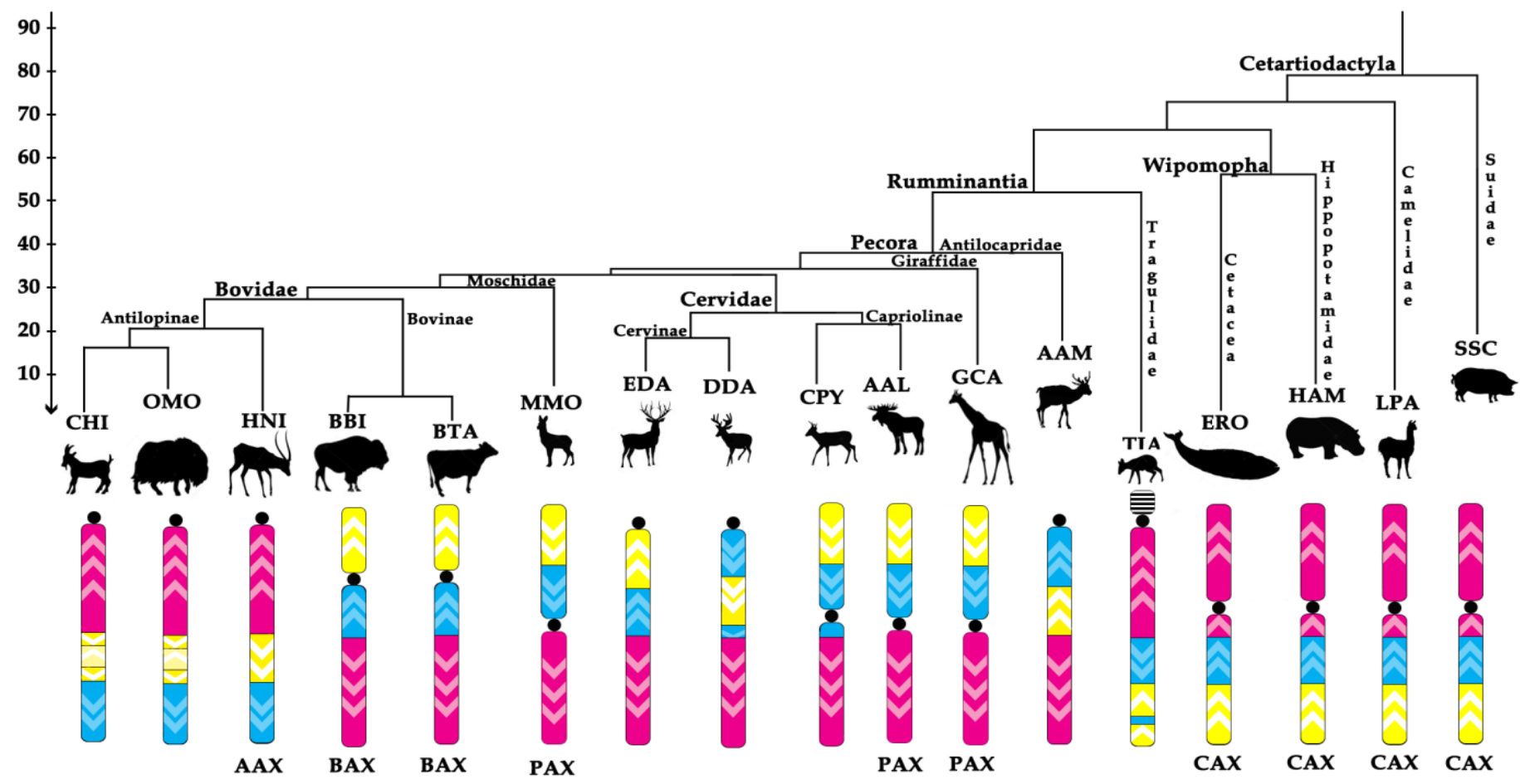
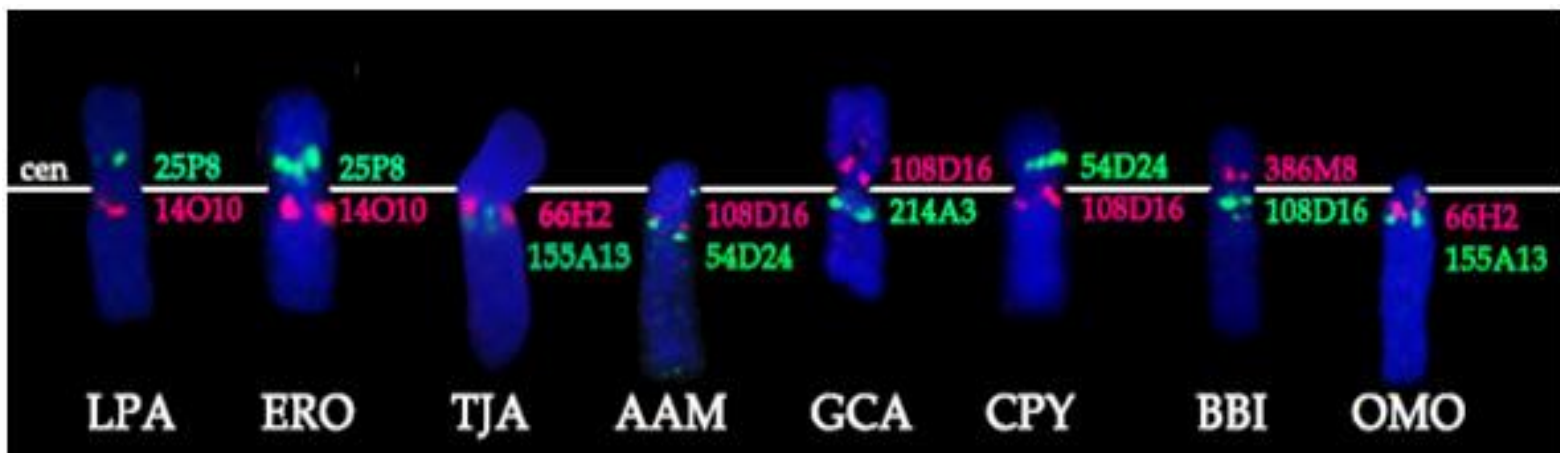




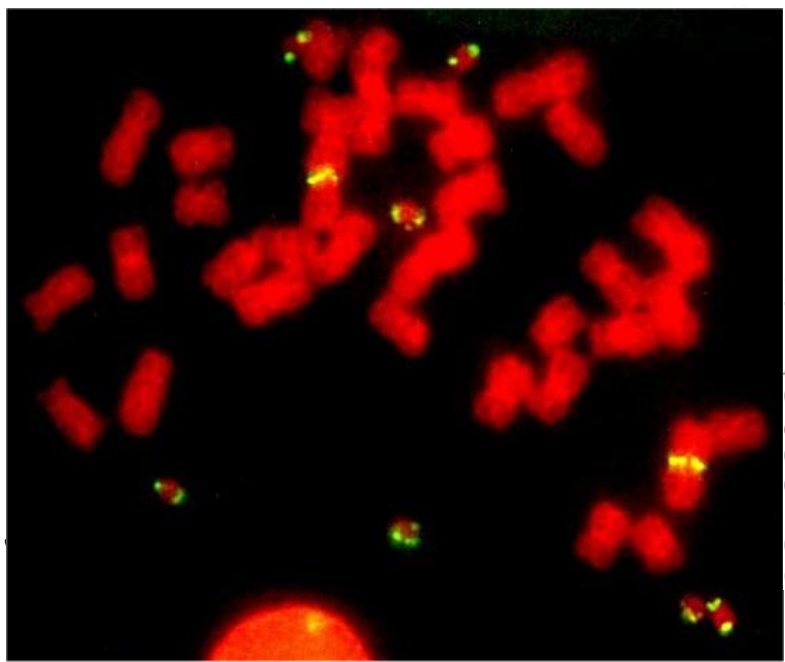
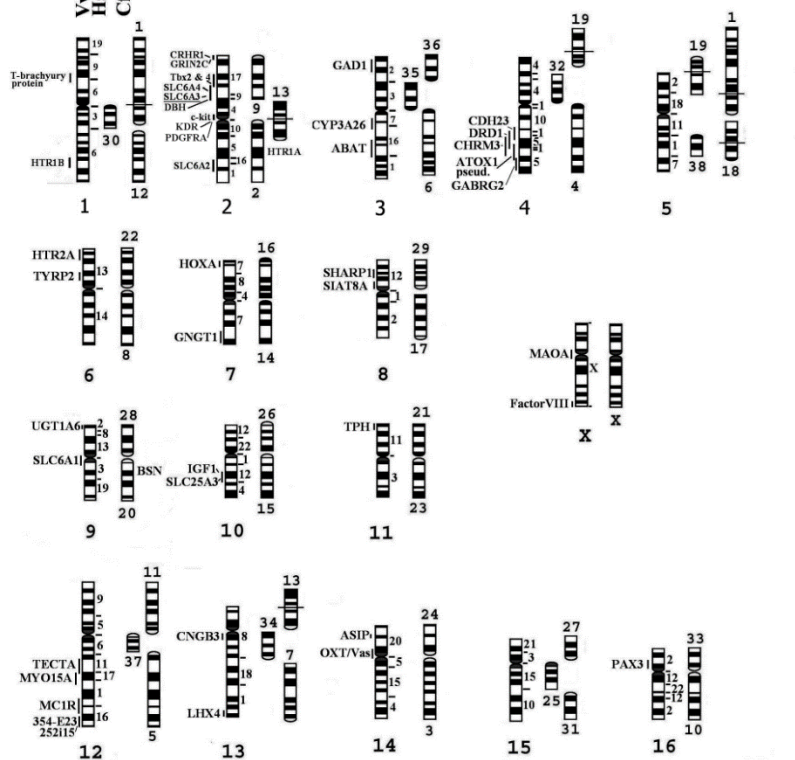


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CFA13;36.92-37.41Mb
cKIT: CFA13;49.99Mb
CFA15;56.87-57.08Mb
CFA19;45.00Mb, 46.00Mb, 46.42Mb
CFA31;6.08Mb, 7.07Mb
CTNND2: CFA34;5.32-5.39Mb



NPRp



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CFA13;36.92-37.41Mb
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LRIG1 region A: CFA20;27.
LRIG1 region C: CFA20;27.
LRIG1 region A-C: CFA20;27.
RET: CFA28;6.89Mb
CFA29;44.52Mb



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ATLAS OF MAMMALIAN CHROMOSOMES

SECOND EDITION



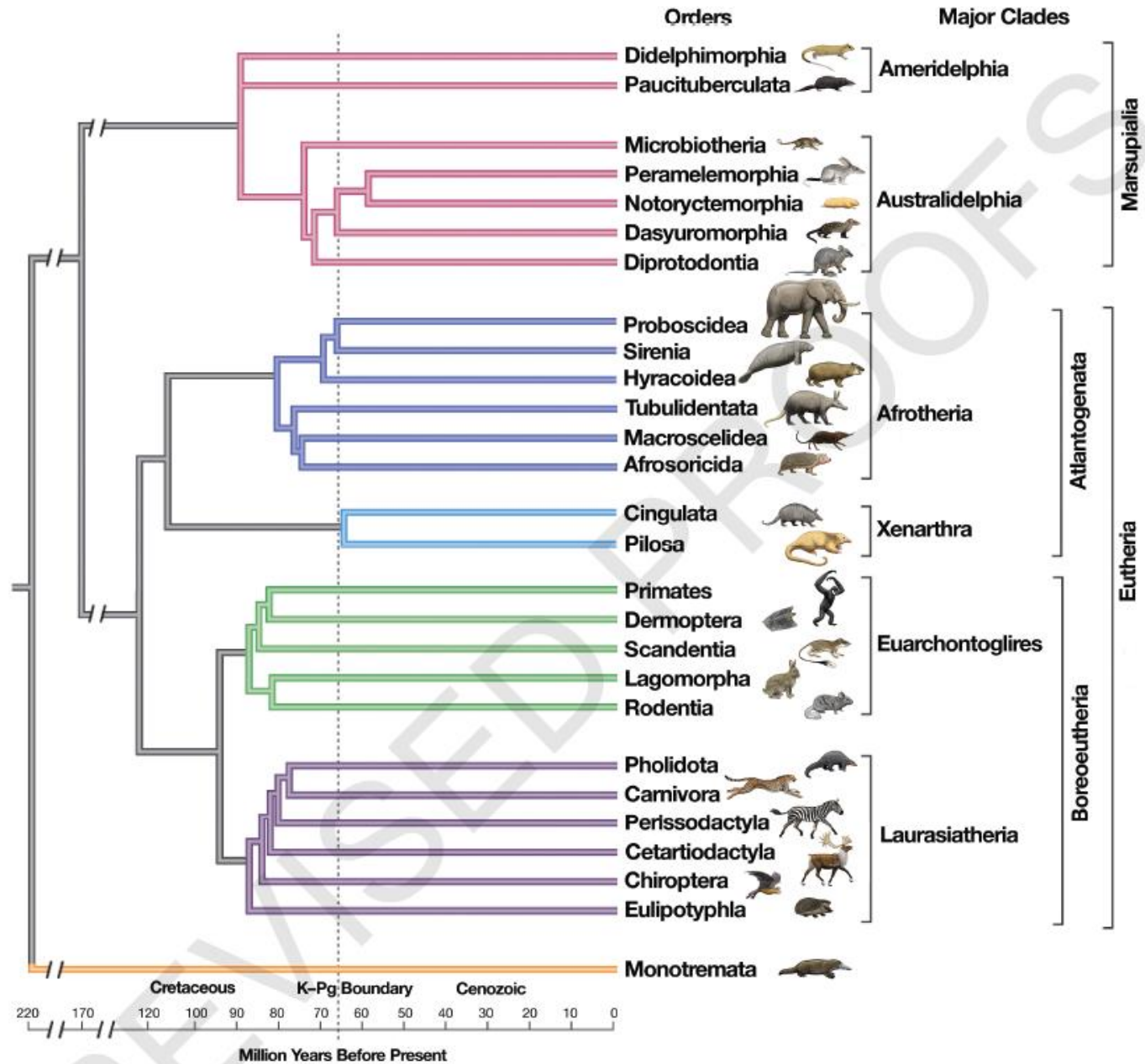
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ALEXANDER S. GRAPHODATSKY · POLINA L. PERELMAN
STEPHEN J. O'BRIEN

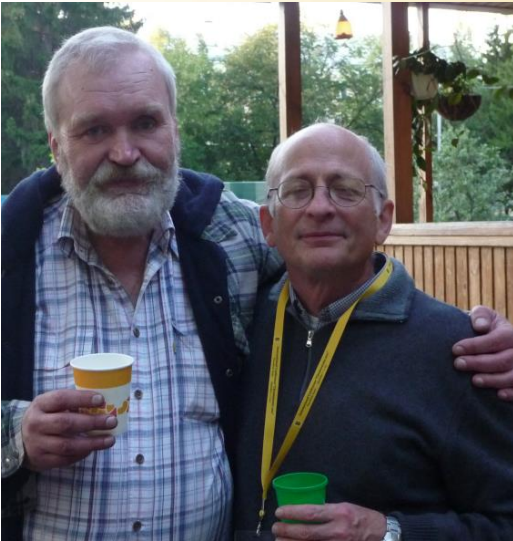
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SECOND EDITION

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GRAPHODATSKY · PERELMAN · O'BRIEN

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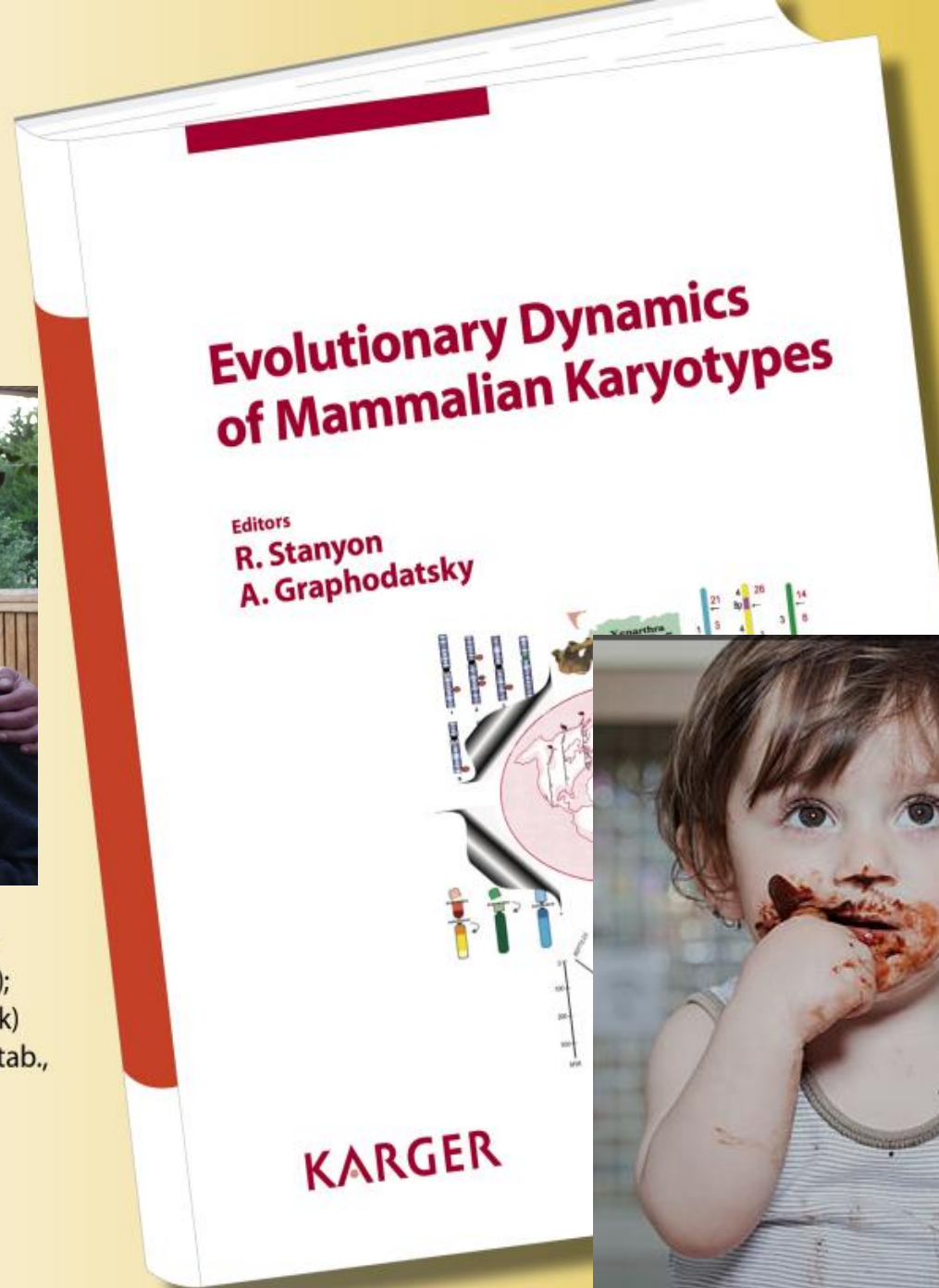




**Evolutionary Dynamics
of Mammalian Karyotypes**

Editors: Stanyon, R. (Florence);
Graphodatsky, A. (Novosibirsk)
208 p., 48 fig., 28 in color, 30 tab.,
hard cover, 2012

www.karger.com/cgr





МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И
ТЕХНИЧЕСКОЙ ПОЛИТИКИ
РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Государственная научно-
техническая программа
"ГЕНОМ ЧЕЛОВЕКА"

ДИПЛОМ
о присуждении премии
имени А.А.БАЕВА

Решением Научного совета Государственной
научно-технической программы
"Геном человека"
от 17 января 1996 года

ГРАФОДАТСКИЙ
Александр Сергеевич

за развитие методов гибридизации *in situ*
для тонкого картирования хромосом
человека и других высших организмов

награжден премией имени А.А.БАЕВА
за 1995 год

Председатель Научного совета

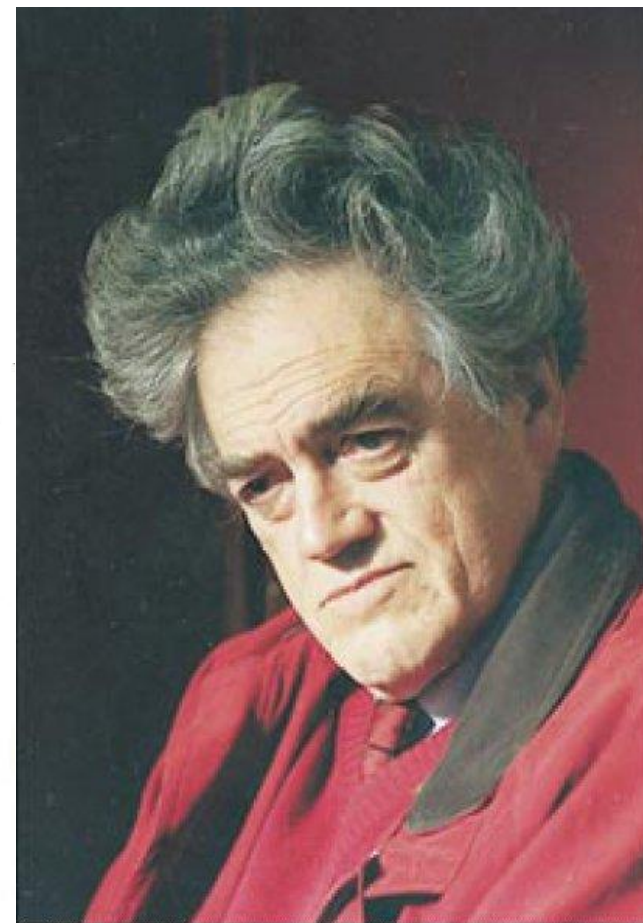
Ученый секретарь Научного совета



Л. Киселев
Л. Киселев

Н. Беляева
Н. Беляева

Регистрационный № 1/95





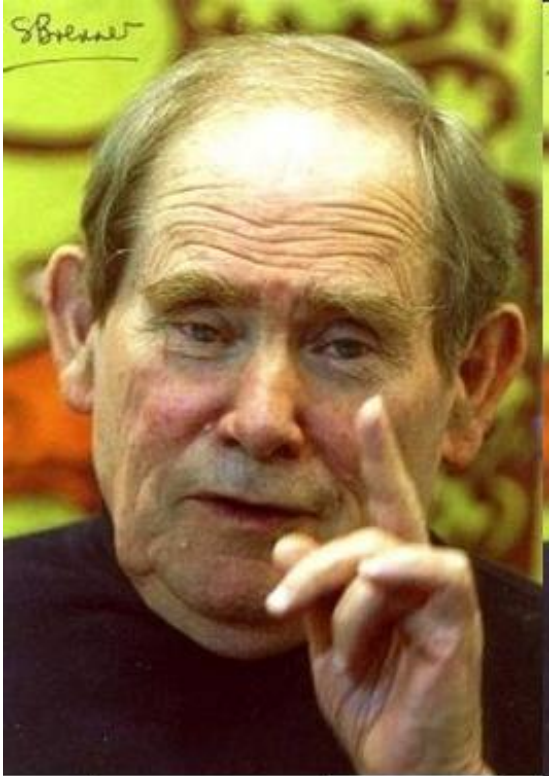
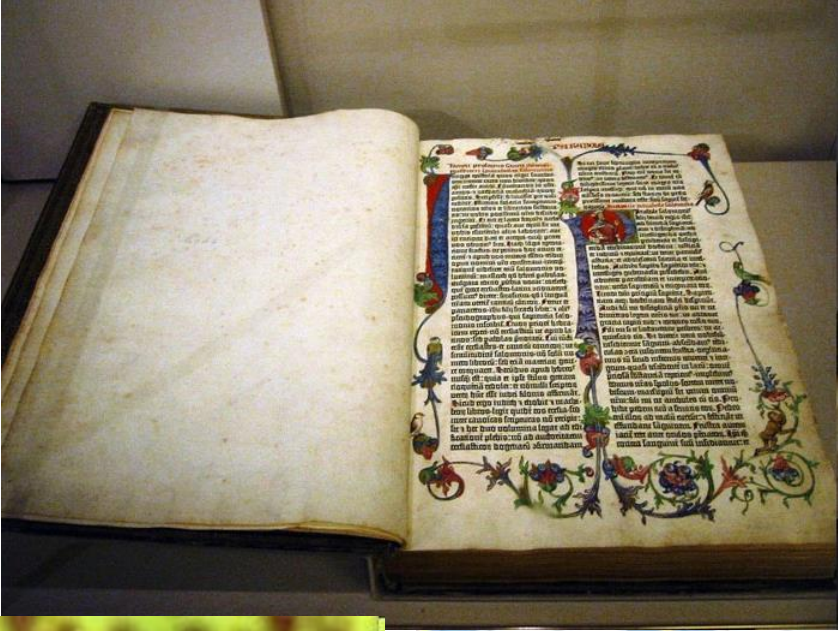
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GENOMES
PROJECT

DIGITAL NOAH'S ARK GENOME LIBRARY



EARTH
BIOGENOME
PROJECT





Sidney Brenner (1927-2019)







GigaScience, 0, 2019, 1–0

doi: [10.1093/gigascience/giz086](https://doi.org/10.1093/gigascience/giz086)

Commentary

COMMENTARY

Precision nomenclature for the new genomics

Harris A. Lewin ^{1,*}, Jennifer A. Marshall Graves², Oliver A. Ryder³,
Alexander S. Graphodatsky^{4,5} and Stephen J. O'Brien^{6,7}

Box: Terms and definitions of cytogenetics and large sequence arrays

Standard Cytogenetic Definitions

Chromosome (literally “colored body”): DNA and protein-containing structure in cells of eukaryotes, microscopically visible as a rod-shaped body during cell division metaphase.

Karyotype: A photographic or diagrammatic image of the complete set of metaphase chromosomes in cells of an organism of a particular species.

Standard Molecular Descriptors

Contigs: Contiguous gapless stretches of DNA sequence assembled from smaller overlapping sequenced fragments.

Scaffolds: Computationally ordered and oriented arrays of contigs that have sequence gaps along their length.

Super-scaffolds: Ordered scaffolds produced by methods such as optical mapping and chromosome conformation capture technologies .

Proposed New Terms

C-contig (chromosome-scale contig): A contig that appears to span all of a chromosome arm or a complete chromosome.

C-scaffold (chromosome-scale scaffold): A scaffold or superscaffold that appears to span all of a chromosome arm or a complete chromosome.

Evidence that a contig, scaffold, or super-scaffold represents a chromosome or chromosome arm can come from Hi-C data and be corroborated by optical maps.

A C-contig or C-scaffold is formally assigned to a chromosome when it is physically mapped to a known chromosome in a species having an established karyotype (e.g., using fluorescence *in situ* hybridization). For fluorescence *in situ* hybridization, we recommend that multiple included DNA markers be mapped along the length of the C-scaffold, to establish orientation. When a C-scaffold is mapped definitively to a chromosome, only then should it be named as a chromosome in a database.

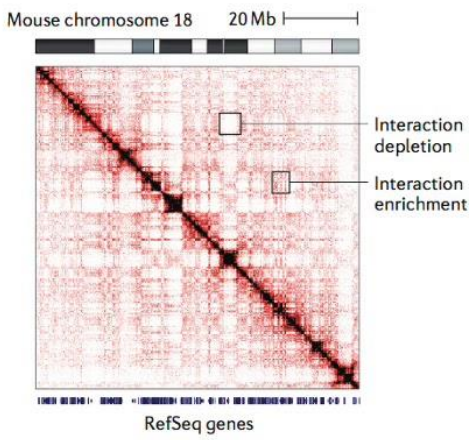
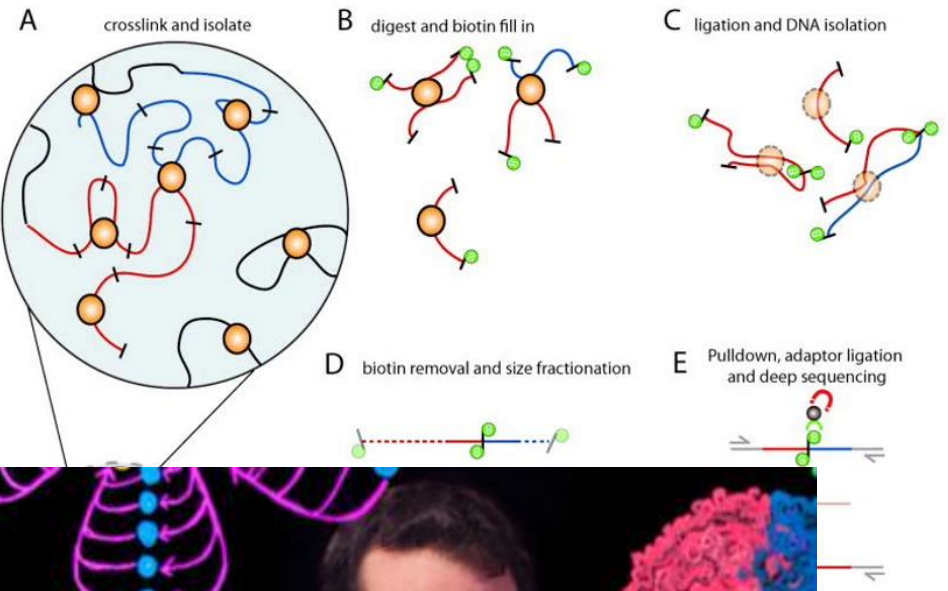
Scaffotype: A set of C-scaffolds and/or C-contigs that are a representation of all the chromosomes, including sex chromosomes, of a species.

The C-scaffolds and C-contigs in a scaffotype should be numbered continuously according to descending length in the assembly.

If the C-scaffolds and C-contigs are all mapped to chromosomes, and the number of chromosomes and C-scaffolds is identical, then the scaffotype and the karyotype terms reflect equivalent representations of the complete chromosome complement of an organism or species.

Hi-C: all-by-all interactions

- Note: Biotin labels fragment ends without interfering with folding of bound proteins, DNA



<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3874866/>

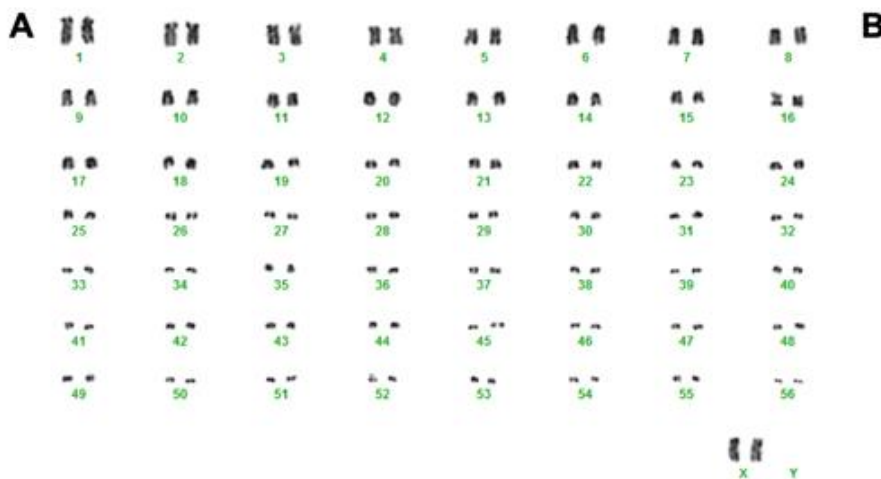


DNA Zoo Novosibirsk



DNA Zoo Novosibirsk – это филиал международного консорциума **DNA Zoo**, созданный на базе Отдела эволюции и разнообразия геномов ИМКБ

Консорциум **DNA Zoo** возглавляет **Dr. Erez Lieberman Aiden** из Baylor College of Medicine (Houston, TX, USA). Филиалом в Новосибирске руководит чл.-корр. РАН АС **Графолатский**. Меморандум о создании филиала был подписан 25 августа 2020



Каменная куница
Martes foina



Лесная куница
Martes martes



Харза
Martes flavigula



Ягуарунди
Puma yagouaroundi

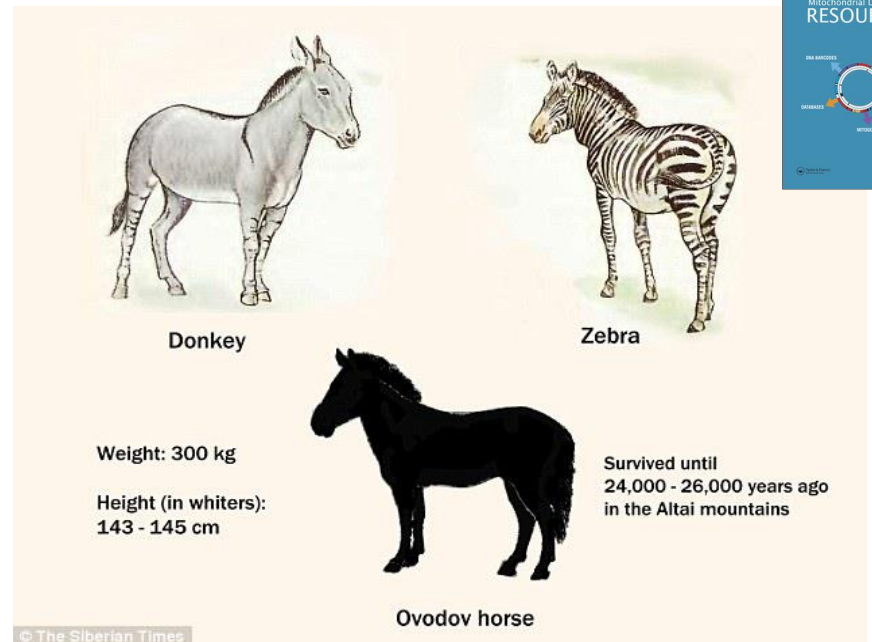


Соболь
Martes zibellina



Бенгальская кошка
Prionailurus bengalensis

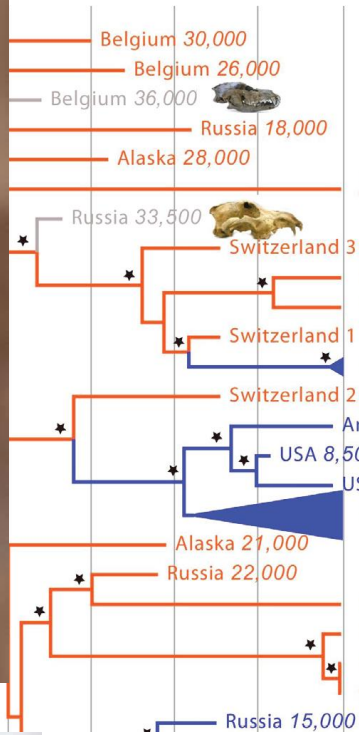
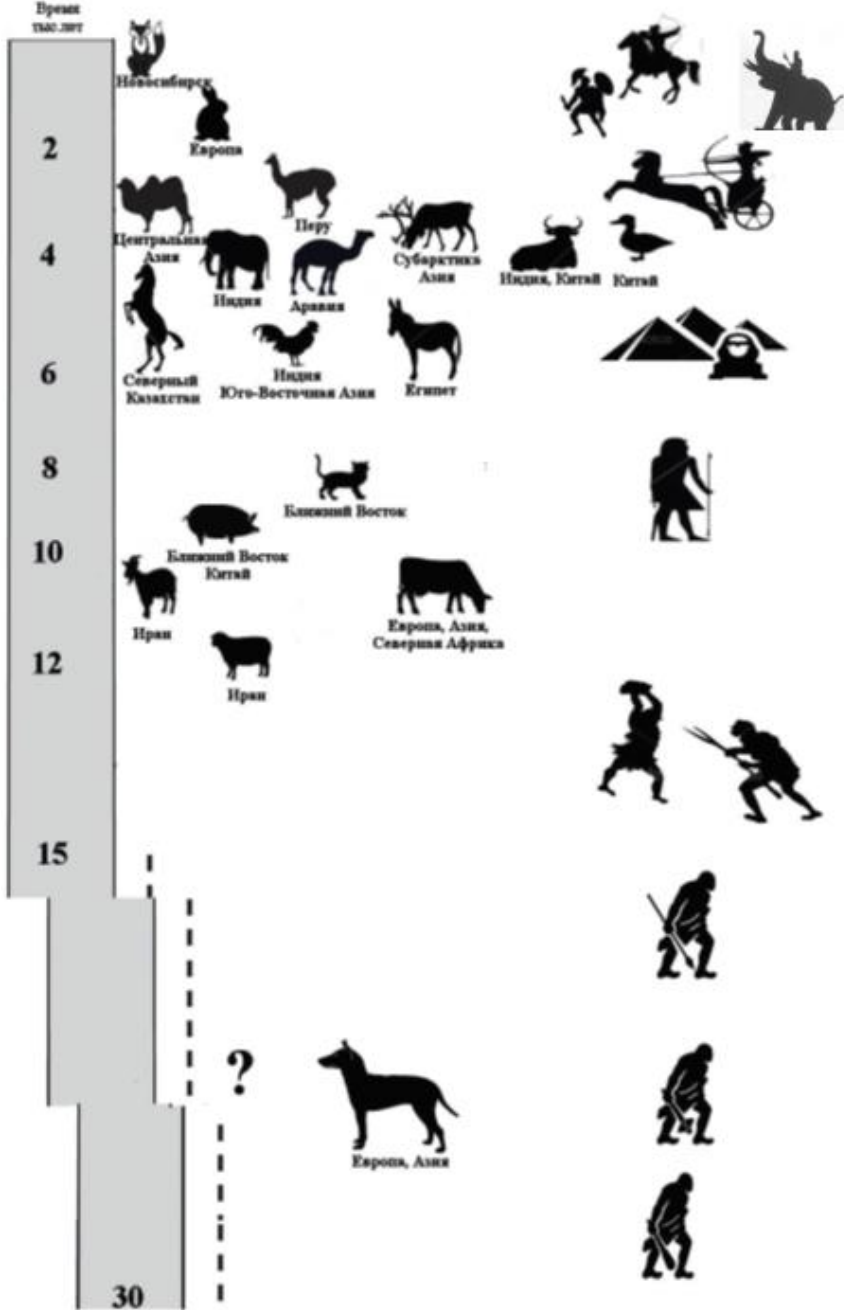




Complete mitochondrial genome of an extinct *Equus (Sussemionus) ovodovi* specimen from Denisova cave (Altai, Russia) Druzhkova et al 2019



Molodtseva AS, Phylogeography of ancient and modern brown bears from eastern Eurasia. **Biol J Linn Soc: blac009, 2022**



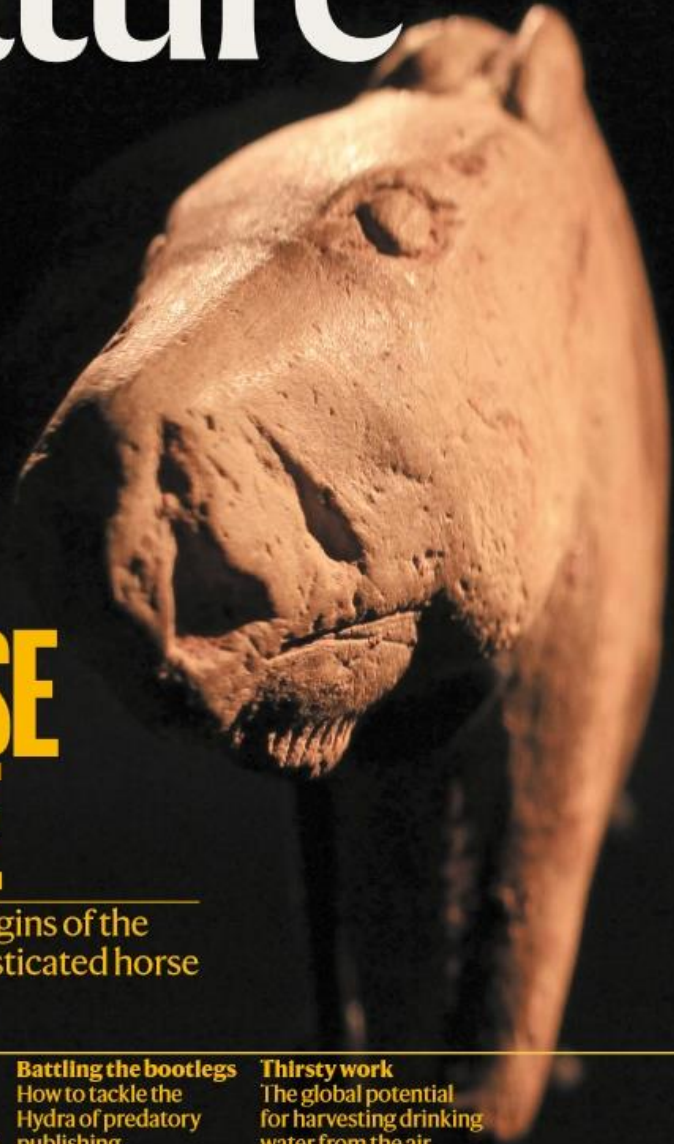
Установлено, что древнейшая собака была одомашнена на Алтае 33.5 лет назад. С помощью анализа мтДНК определены ее родственные отношения с современными и древними собаками и волками.



**“Если собака вывела человека
в люди, то лошадь - в
феодалы” А.А.Любищев**



nature



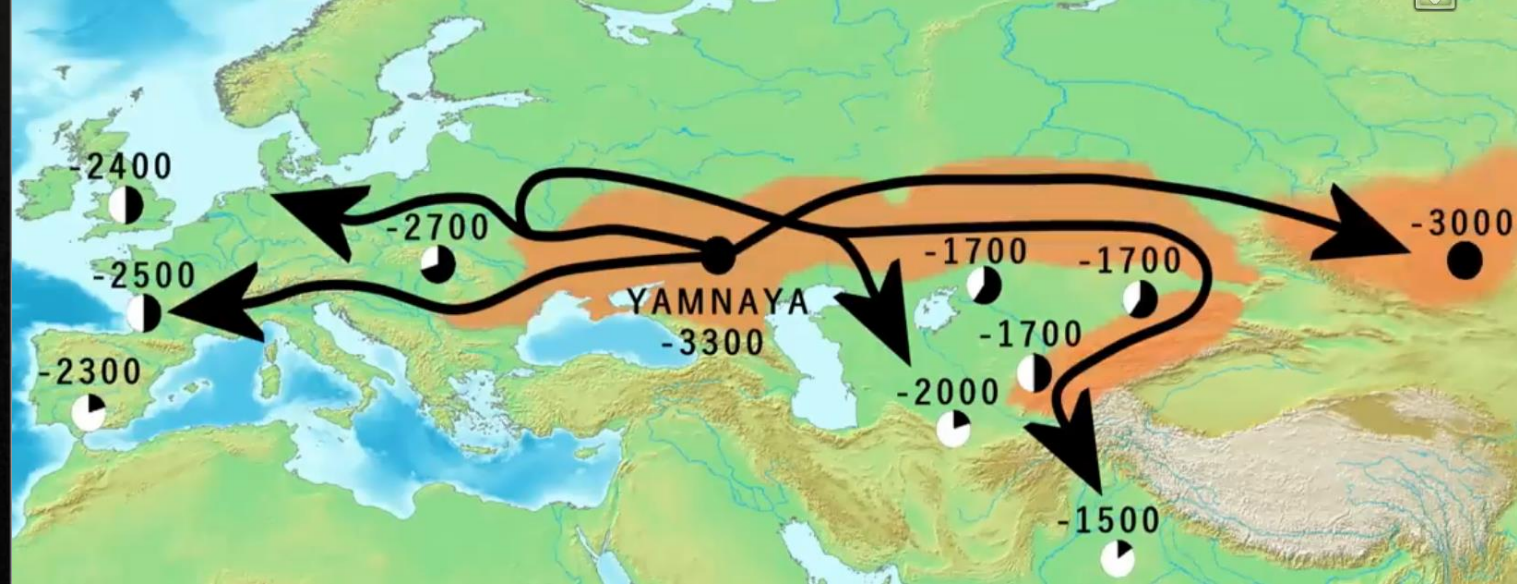
HORSE CODE

The genetic origins of the modern domesticated horse

Gain of function
What do we learn by giving dangerous microbes extra abilities?

Battling the bootlegs
How to tackle the Hydra of predatory publishing

Thirsty work
The global potential for harvesting drinking water from the air



Широкомасштабное полногеномное исследование 273 древних лошадей из разных регионов Евразии определило время и географическое место центра одомашнивания всех современных лошадей. Филогенетические реконструкции методом ближайших соседей, Struct-f4 анализ, OrientAGraph19 моделирование выявили, что этот центр расположен в Понтийско-Каспийской степи, в низовьях Волго-Донского региона. Время начало одомашнивания было определено, как конец 4 – начало 3 тыс. до н.э., при этом самая ранняя лошадь с предковым гаплотипом относилась к ямной культуре Понтийско-Каспийской степи. Распространение домашних лошадей в другие регионы Евразии началось с 2 тыс. до н.э.

Article | Open Access | Published: 20 October 2021

The origins and spread of domestic horses from the Western Eurasian steppes

Pablo Librado, Naveed Khan, ... Ludovic Orlando  [+ Show authors](#)

Article | OPEN | Published: 06 August 2018

Red fox genome assembly identifies genomic regions associated with tame and aggressive behaviours

Anna V. Kukekova , Jennifer L. Johnson, Xueyan Xiang, Shaohong Feng, Shiping Liu, Halie M. Rando, Anastasiya V. Kharlamova, Yuri Herbeck, Natalya A. Serdyukova, Zijun Xiong, Violetta Beklemischeva, Klaus-Peter Koepfli, Rimma G. Gulevich, Anastasiya V. Vladimirova, Jessica P. Hekman, Polina L. Perelman, Aleksander S. Graphodatsky, Stephen J. O'Brien, Xu Wang, Andrew G. Clark, Gregory M. Acland, Lyudmila N. Trut & Guojie Zhang 

SHARE REPORT

Complete Mitochondrial Genomes of Ancient Canids Suggest a European Origin of Domestic Dogs

O. Thalman^{1,*}, B. Shapiro², P. Cui³, V. J. Schuenemann⁴, S. K. Sawyer⁵, D. L. Greenfield⁶, M. B. Germonpré⁶, M. V. Sablin⁷, F. López-Giráldez⁸, X. Domingo-Roura^{9,10}, H. Napierala¹⁰, H.-P. Uerpmann¹⁰, D. M. Loponte¹¹, A. A. Acosta¹¹, L. Giemsch^{12,13}, R. W. Schmitz¹², B. Worthington¹⁴, J. E. Buikstra¹⁵, A. Druzhkova¹⁶, A. S. Graphodatsky¹⁶, N. D. Ovodov¹⁷, N. Wahlberg¹, A. H. Freedman⁵, R. M. Schweizer⁵, K.-P. Koepfli¹⁸, J. A. Leonard¹⁹, M. Meyer³, J. Krause⁴, S. Pääbo³, R. E. Green²⁰, R. K. Wayne^{5,*}

Are molecular cytogenetics and bioinformatics suggests diverging models of ancestral mammalian genomes?

Lutz Froenicke, Alexander Graphodatsky, Stefan Müller, Leslie A. Lyons, Terence J. Roldan, Marianne Volleth, Fengtang Yang and Johannes Wienberg

Genome Res. 2006 16: 306-310

Volume 38, Issue 8
August 2021

A meiotic linkage map of the silver fox, aligned and compared to the canine genome

Anna V. Kukekova, Lyudmila N. Trut, Irina N. Oskina, Jennifer L. Johnson, Svetlana V. Temnykh, Anastasiya V. Kharlamova, Darya V. Shepeleva, Rimma G. Gulevich, Svetlana G. Shikhevich, Alexander S. Graphodatsky, Gustavo D. Aguirre


Genome Res. published online Feb 6, 2007:



Evolution of gene regulation in ruminants differs between evolutionary breakpoint regions and homologous synteny blocks

Marta Farré^{1,18}, Jaebum Kim^{2,18}, Anastasia A. Proskuryakova^{3,4}, Yang Zhang⁵, Anastasia I. Kulemzina³, Qiye Li⁶, Yang Zhou⁶, Yingqi Xiong⁶, Jennifer L. Johnson⁷, Polina L. Perelman^{3,4}, Warren E. Johnson^{8,9}, Wesley C. Warren¹⁰, Anna V. Kukekova⁷, Guojie Zhang^{6,11,12}, Stephen J. O'Brien^{13,14}, Oliver A. Ryder¹⁵, Alexander S. Graphodatsky^{3,4}, Jian Ma⁵, Harris A. Lewin¹⁶ and Denis M. Larkin^{1,17}

Demographic History, Adaptation, and NRAP Convergent Evolution at Amino Acid Residue 100 in the World Northernmost Cattle from Siberia

Laura Buggiotti, Andrey A Yurchenko, Nikolay S Yudin, Christy J Vander Jagt, Nadezhda V Vorobieva, Mariya A Kusliy, Sergei K Vasiliev, Andrey N Rodionov, Oksana I Boronetskaya, Natalia A Zinovieva, Alexander S Graphodatsky, Hans D Daetwyler, Denis M Larkin EW RESEARCH IN Physical Sciences Social Sciences

Reciprocal chromosome painting among human, aardvark, and elephant (superorder Afrotheria) reveals the likely eutherian ancestral karyotype

F. Yang, E. Z. Alkalaeva, P. L. Perelman, A. T. Pardini, W. R. Harrison, P. C. M. O'Brien, B. Fu.



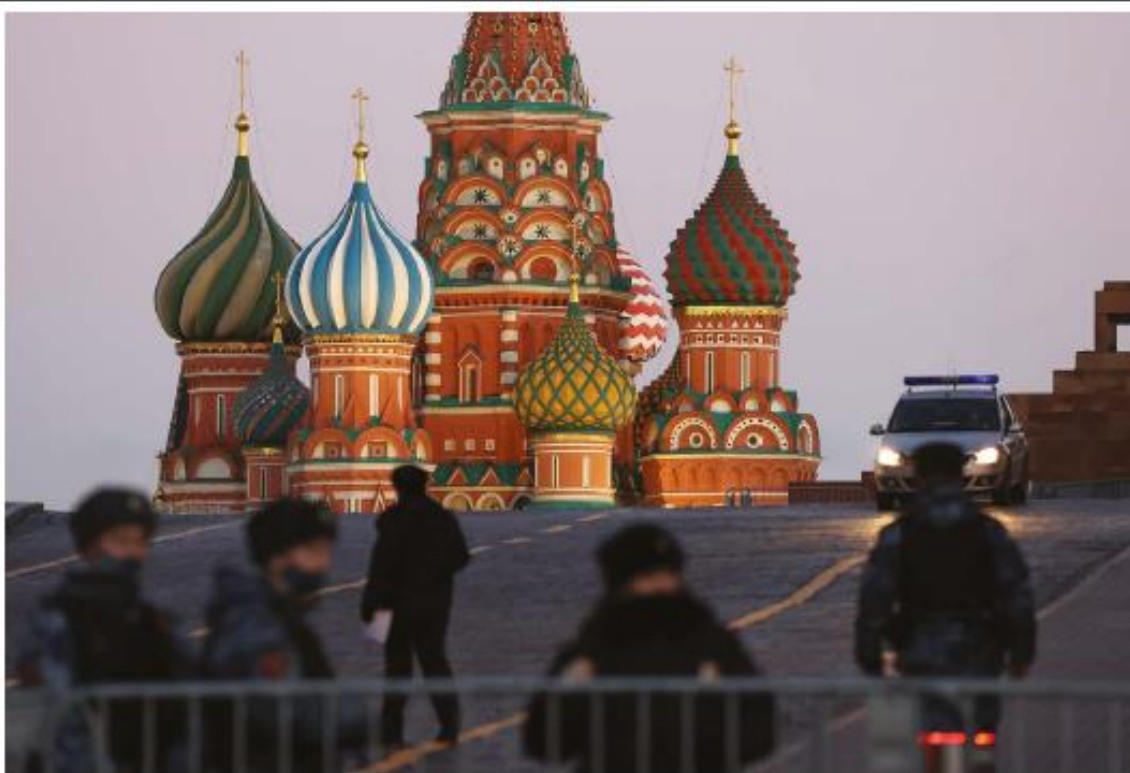
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Data Note

DATA NOTE

An integrated chromosome-scale genome assembly of the Masai giraffe (*Giraffa camelopardalis tippelskirchi*)

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Russian scientists are being frozen out of international collaborations.

JOURNALS UNDER PRESSURE TO BOYCOTT RUSSIAN AUTHORS

Most publications are still considering manuscripts irrespective of researchers' nationalities.

taken off journal editorial boards.

Elsevier told *Nature* that it couldn't give a

figure for how many of its journals had taken a similar position, but that it was "very low". The publisher has not introduced restrictions on accepting papers that include Russian authors.

By contrast, in response to Russia's invasion, Clarivate, which runs the citation database Web of Science, announced on 11 March that it would cease all commercial activity in Russia and immediately close an office there. It had previously suspended the evaluation of any new journals from Russia and Belarus – which has supported Russia's war – that are seeking to be included in the Web of Science.

Ukrainian scientists welcome such moves. By "rejecting manuscripts written by Russian authors and excluding the Russian journals from [Elsevier's database] Scopus and Web of Science, Elsevier and Clarivate can contribute to the end of this war", says Myroslava Hladchenko, who studies higher-education policy at the National University of Life and Environmental Sciences of Ukraine in Kyiv. Hladchenko says that Russia has bombed more than 60 educational institutions in Ukraine, which highlights their "attitude towards science and education".

Policy change

Many researchers in Russia have spoken out against a publishing boycott. Most scholars there who strive to be part of the global scientific community oppose the war, says a political scientist at a Russian university who asked not to be named because of fears about their safety. "Many take personal risks to protest it," says the researcher, who says their work is "science senseless".



Mendel G. [Versuche über Pflanzen-Hybriden](#) : [HEM.] //
Verhandlungen des naturforschenden Vereines in Brünn. —
Brünn, 1866. — Bd. IV (Abhandlungen 1865). — S. 3—47.